# THE RIO NEWS.

PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY.

Vol. XVI.

RIO DE JANEIRO, MAY 27TH, 1889

NUMBER 21

#### Official Directory

UNITED STATES LEGATION.—157, Rua das Larangeiras.

H. CLAY ARMSTRONG,
Chargé d'Affaires, ad interim.

BRITISH LEGATION .- Travessa de D. Manoel, No. 8 GEORGE H. WYNDHAM, Minister.

AMERICAN CONSULATE GENERAL, -Nº 75, Rus dos Ourives. H. CLAY ARMSTRONG,
Consul General.

BRITISH CONSULATE GENERAL.—N° 8, Travesso
de D. Manoel. RAUL GERALD PERRY,

Consul General.

#### Church Directory

CHRIST CHURCH.—Rua do Evaristo da Veiga. Divine Service every Sunday at 11 a m. and on the 2nd and 4th Sundays in each month at 8 p. m. H. MOSLEV, M. A., Chaplain. N. B.—All notices should be sent to ALBERT ALLEN., Clerk. No. 6, Rua Humaytá.

ME PHODISTEPISCOPALCHURCH—LargodoCattete
Ruglish services: Sunday Schoolat to a.m.; preaching
at 1430 a.m. on Sundays, and at 730 p. m. on Fridays.
E. A. TILLY, Pastor.

Portuguese services: Sundo to a.m., preaching 7.30 p.m. Sundays, prayer-meeting, 7.30 p.m. Wednesdays J. W. TARBOUX, Pastor. Residence: Rua da Princeza Imperial No. 18.

Residence: Rua da Princeza Imperial No. 18.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—N°15 Travessa da Barreira
Services in Portuguese at 11 oʻclock, a. m., and 7 oʻclock
p. m., Simdays: and at 7 oʻclock p. m., Tlursdays.

BAPTIST CHURCH—Run do Conde d'Eu, No. 122.
Services in Portuguese every Sunday at 11 oʻclock, a. m.
and 7, oʻclock, p. m.; and every Wednesday at 7, oʻclock
p. m. Simday School at 10 oʻclock, a. m.

M. D. BACDIV, Pressure W. B. BAGBY. Pastor.

W. B. BAGBY. Pastor.
Residence: Run do Montr Alegre N. 34.
IGRKJA EVANGELICA FILUMINENSE.—No. 175, Ru
de S. Joaquim. Services in Portuguese at 10 oclock
a.m., and 6 o'clock, p.m., every'Sunday; and 17 o'clock
p.m., every Wednesday. Sunday school at 4;30, p.m.

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on Sundalys and Wethesdays at 7 p.m. Sailors free au
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AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.—General agency at No. 79, Sete de Setembro, 2nd floor.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY. - Depot at No. 71, Rua Sete de Setembro, Rio de Janeiro.

BRITISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—Subscriptions are earnestly solicited. Communications should be addressed to the Hon. Secretary—D. Roberts, Caixa do Correio, 75.

#### Traveller's Directory

#### RAIL WAYS.

RAILWAYS.

\*\*DOM PEDRO II. — Through Rappusses: Control train leaves Rio at 5 a.m.; arrives at Barra do Pindy 7:22. Batter Rios 522 and flabria (terminos) at 7:5 p.m.; ab Paulo train leaves Rio at 5 a.m.; arrives at Barra at 8:5 a.m. and Cacheira, where passengers for S. Paulo mist change, at 17 for Novo da to 6 a.m. arrives at 18 arra at 8:5 a.m. and Cacheira, where passengers for S. Paulo mist change, at 17 for Novo da to 6 a.m. arrives at 18 arra at 17:23. \*\*Domestrate Rios 17:23 and 18 arra at 17:24. \*\*Domestrate Rios 17:24 and 18 arra at 17:25 Batter Rios 3: 12: 3 and dariano Protopo (terminos) at 6:45 and the Central train at 8 p.m.

\*\*Limited Express, leaves Rio at 7 a.m.; arrives at Barra at 17:25 Batter Rios 3: 12: 3 and Mariano Protopo (terminos) at 6:24 p.m. 5. Paulo branch leaves Barra at 17:23 and arrives at 17:25 p.m. and train non-Protopo at 25: 50 a.m.; arrives at 26: 50 p.m. 5. Paulo branch leaves Barra at 17:23 and arrives at 18: 50 p.m. and train non-Protopo at 25: 50 a.m.; arrives at 5: 50 a.m.; arrives at 6: 50 p.m. and 4: 50 p.m. 6: 50 p.m.

before the departure of the trains from Nictheroy, CORCOVADO R. R.—Trains leave the Station at Cowne Velho, Larangeiros, at 6, 8, 10, and 12 a. m. and 2, 4 and 6 p.m. on Sundays and holidays: and at 630 and 820 a. m. and at 2 and 530 p.m. on week-807-810-81 and 820 a. m. and at 2 and 530 p.m. on week-807-810-81 RAJLWAV.—RIO DE 74.NEIRO & NORTHERN RAJLWAV.—TRAINS leave the contral station D. Pedro II railway at 6 an m. and 5 p.m. Sundays and Sundays and 5 and 5 p.m. Sundays and Sundays and 5 p.m. Sundays and 5 p.m. Sundays and 5 p.m. Sundays and 5 p.m. Sundays and 1 p.m. on sundays and 1 p.m. on Sundays and holidays arriving at 6.05 and 9 as 6 m. and at 3,50 p.m. week days and 4 a.m. and 4 p.m. Sundays and at 6 a.m. and 4 p.m. Sundays and at 6 a.m. and 4 p.m. Sundays and bildays.

### Libraries, Museums, &c.

BRITISH SUBSCRIPTION LIBRARY.-Rua dos Ourives, No. 53, 1st floor.

BIBLIOTHECA NACIONAL.—Rua do Passeio No. 48. BIBLIOTHECAFLUMINENSE. - No. 62, Run do Ouvidor,

MUSEU NACIONAL.--Praça da Acelamação, cor. Rua da Constituição.

GABINETE PORTUGUEZ DE LEITURA. — No. 12 Rua Luiz de Camões.

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Dr. Cleary, Physician and Surgeon. Residence: 74, Run Marquez d'Abrautes; Office: 87, Run do Hospicio from 12 to 3 p.m. Telephone 1025.

Dr. W. J. Fairbairn, M.D. Edin: Sargeon and Physician Office: Rua u de Março, No, 991 fron a to t p.m. and 4 10 4330 p.m. Residence: Rua D. Marianna, N. 48, Butafogo

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# THE RIO NEWS

PUBLISHED WEEKLY.

A. I. LAMOUREUX, Editor and Proprietor,

Contains a summary of news and a review of Brazilian affairs a list of the arrivals and departures of foreign vessels, the con a use of the arrivant and repartments of normal sesses, one cases, one sesses, or consent of the market, tables of stock quotations and sales, a table of freights and charters, a summary of the daily coffee reports from the Associação Commany of the dail mercial, and all other information necessary to a correct judgment on Brazilian trade.

(Cash invariably in advance) Subscription: 20\$000 per annum for Brazil. \$10.00 or £2 abroad (24) when paid here). SINGLE COPIES: 400 peis; for sale at the office of publication, or at the English Book Store, No. 67 Rua de

All subscriptions should run with the calendar year EDITORIAL AND PUBLICATION OFFICES:-79, Rua Sete de Setembro.

Subscription and advertisement accounts will be received by George H. Phelis, Eso. Messes. Street & Co. 30 Cerulull, London E. C. Messis, Bates, Hendy & Co. 22 Wallwook LONDON, E. C. Messes. John Miller & Co.,

RIO DE JANEIRO, MAY 27th, 1880.

São Paulo and Santos.

THE recent crisis and present uncertainty in administrative affairs will doubtless puzzle many of our foreign readers who may not have followed Brazilian politics closely. As no elections have been held to reverse the large conservative majority in the Chamber, the weakness of the João Alfredo cabinet will not be understood. The cause for all this, however, needs only a brief elucidation, and it is to be found in the act of abolition carried through the two houses one year ago. There are, of course, petty jealousies and cliques in both parties, and these may have considerable influence on the character and temper of the opposition; but they were not the cause of it. When the project for immediate and unconditional abolition was presented last year, it was so unexpected and occasioned so much surprise, especially through the enthusiasm created by it and the inexplicable majority which suddenly appeared for it in the Chamber, that no efficient opposition could be organized. Both parties were divided on the question, hence harmonious action was impossible. The liberal party had the greater number of abolitionists in its ranks, but it had been dallying with the question for a long time in order not to offend such men as Sinimbú and Saraiva who were stubbornly opposed to emancipation. The conservative party had fewer declared abolitionists, but it had a leader in Ioan Alfredo who was not afraid to brave the displeasure of his colleagues by adopting a liberal measure and carrying it through. He calculated on the submissiveness of the average legislator, who prefers to follow his leader through an objectionable campaign rather than to incur hazard by striking out for himself, but at the same time he ran the risk of arousing enough opposition to defeat the measure and ruin himself. Fortunately the liberal leaders had just before placed themselves so strongly and unequivocally on the side of abolition, through their opposition to preceding pro-slavery cabinet presided over by Barão de Cotegipe, that they could not oppose the sweeping measure introduced by the new conservative leader, and the measure went through with such a burst of enthusiasm that even the lukewarm were carried with it. The bill became law in due time, and, as was to have been expected, the country did not fail to give João Alfredo and his colleagues the fullest measure of praise. When the wave of enthusiasm had passed and the time for reflection came, an opposition

every possible influence to bear to overthrow the cabinet. On the side of the liberals are many who condemn the premier for adopting a liberal measure as his own and then carrying it through successfully. The same thing has occurred more than once in English history, and with the same result that the conservative strategist was hated for stealing a liberal measure from the enemy. Among the Brazilian conservatives. however, there has been a faction led by the late Premier Cotegipe, Senator Paulino and Deputy Gomes de Castro, who have opposed emancipation in every form and have refused to accept its results. Under the cover of a plea for indemnification, and embittered by personal jealousies, they have used every means to annoy, irritate and overthrow the ministry. Though so widely separated in party affiliations and personal sentiments, a majority of the liberals, favor abolition, have joined hands with the Paulino faction, who oppose and hate abolition, for the sole purpose of overthrowing the man who secured the adoption of this eminently just and humane law. It is an alliance out of which no good can come, but is strong enough to block all legislation and to render João Alfredo's tenure of office very uncertain.

WE have no desire to question the good faith with which the Associação Commercial has called a meeting for the 28th inst. to consider the subjects of currency conversion and banks of issue, but the decision may be very easily foreshadowed. As to the conversion of the currency, we shall probably have all the venerable platitudes of the political economists to prove that gold alone is money and that paper is not; but very little will be advanced to show how this state of affairs is to be maintained in a country whose expenditures exceed its receipts, and whose foreign exchange operations, commercial and financial, exhibit an adverse balance of payments. They will overlook the fact that paper is necessary for convenience, and unavoidable where income and loans can not maintain gold in circulation, consequently they will not consider how this useful medium of exchange can be best issued and honestly maintained. As to banks of issue, the Associação will of course declare in favor of a great central institution with branches throughout the whole empire, with its coffers filled with imported gold and the country flooded with its promises to pay, with a strong, central, semi-political administration, a credit account with the government, and a gigantic loan department for the benefit of planters and politicians. Of course, the similarity between this ideal institution and the one now existing will be so great, that no necessity will be found for a change beyond that of a few additions of capital and functions in the latter. We shall probably hear of the sacrifices already made, of the assistance thus far rendered to an embarrassed Treasury and to needy agriculturists, and of the important interests involved in its future maintenance. All this will be advanced to prove that Brazil needs only this one great central banking institution, and that any effort toward decentralization will inevitably result in disaster. In view of the fact that a decentralized system has already been adopted, and that the tendency elsewhere is largely of that character, it is incredible that men of recognized commercial and financial standing will deliberately take a stand against it, and yet that is just what may be expected from the forthcoming meeting of the Associação.

THE time for the projected international American congress at Washington is now near at hand, and something definite ought to be known of its character and composi-

whether Mexico will be represented. We had been under the impression that formal invitations to all the South American nations were issued a long time ago through the diplomatic representatives of the United States, and also that most of the countries thus invited had formally signified their acceptance. All this, however, appears to to have been insufficient. In our issue of the 6th instant we noted the arrival here of Mr. J. G. Walker who, we presumed, was commissioned to visit the United States consulates in South America, as two of our west coast exchanges had stated. We have since been informed that Mr. Walker was commissioned by the United States government to repeat the formal invitations to attend the projected congress, and to explain the objects which his government has in view in advocating such a meeting. So far as we can learn, Mr. Walker's mission here was a failure. He did not visit Petropolis. where the Emperor is residing, and he did not get an opportunity to explain the objects for which the congress is called. And he did not even secure an interview with the minister of foreign affairs, to whom he should have presented himself immediately on arrival, and then awaited an opportunity to lay before the Brazilian government the plans and purposes of his government in regard to this projected congress. We shall not undertake to discuss Mr. Walker's manner of executing his commission further than to observe that he has not left the impression here which the government of the United States needs and desires. We do not know why it was necessary to send a commissioner at all, nor why the diplomatic representatives of the United States to these South American governments were not charged with a duty falling naturally within their province. No one could have performed the duty better, unless some high functionary in the State department, accustomed to diplomatic usages, were selected as a special envoy. However this may be, the special mission has miscarried in this one instance, and was probably not a brilliant success in many others. We shall not reflect on the gentleman charged with this important service by calling attention to this failure, for he was sent out on a special, irregular kind of work which required an amount of tact and diplomatic skill which few men possess. He had no precedents to guide him among a people who dote on such things, and he evidently had had no diplomatic experience to guide him in the ceremonial part of his duties. If he were really charged with a commission which made his special services necessary and which for the time being exalted him above the resident minister of the United States at this capital, then his first step should have been to present his credentials at the foreign office and request an interview with the chief of the nation, the Emperor. It is not altogether courteous for so important an official to visit the capital of a great nation without calling on its ruler to pay his respects and explain the purposes of his visit. A "card call" is hardly satisfactory in such matters, especially where the caller is soliciting a favor.

Ir the ministry is really in earnest in its expressed desire to improve the moral and religious condition of the country through an increase in the number of bishops and an extension of religious instruction, would it not be good policy to emphasize that desire by executing laws already in existence against vice and immorality, by proposing others of recognized necessity, and by showing its disapproval of practices among influential people which tend to demoralize society and encourage vicious living among movement set in which has since brought tion. Canada has not been invited, and those less prominent. That there is an have the following extra charges:

according to late exchanges it is doubtful appalling amount of vice in this city no one will question, and that it is openly practised and openly condoned is equally notorious. The Rua do Ouvidor, of an afternoon, is full of flashy, vulgar adventurers and roués, who annoy and insult respectable ladies with the greatest impunity. They neither respect youth nor old age, and they have no higher instinct than to persecute and insult unprotected women. Were it not for the law which protects them against being knocked down in the open street, as they deserve, it would soon become dangerous for them to so openly outrage every sentiment of honor and decency, but unfortunately the laws of Brazil protect these knaves and vagabonds and make it a more serious offense to knock them down than to knife a respectable citizen. Were the laws made for the express purpose of protecting vice, dishonesty and crime, they could not be more effective than they are now. Then, when men in high places, even in the cabinet itself, become the subjects of public scandals, the authors of besmirched reputations, the principals in social intrigues and dishonorable exploits which in any enlightened country would ruin a man for life, is it not time that the government should take decided measures to eradicate the evil influence. It was possible in England, not long since, to destroy the public career of one of the ablest and most promising statesmen of the country for a shameful intrigue; why is it not possible to do the same here? Is it that there is no public sentiment against such practices, or is it that there are but a helpless few with clean enough records to warrant their advocacy of purer morals and higher character among those in authority. Were the record to be written daily of these intrigues and vices, these dishonorable and dishonoring practices, these pernicious customs and degrading manners, as it is of petty manifestations and trivial decorations, it would forever condemn this people to the withering scorn and contempt of the whole world. And yet, there seems to be some slight stirring of conscience in all this -in this busy market of sensuality, egotism, gambling, lotteries, intrigues, speculations on the industry and reputation of others, theft and deception-else we should not have had this appeal for more bishops and more religious instruction. If the bishops and priests and religious training are to be no better than they have been, then we shall do quite as well without them, but if the government and those in power will first reform themselves and then secure the assistance of a few virtuous, courageous priests to assist in cleansing this augean stable, something may accomplished. But we must have acts, as well as words.

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### ARGENTINE PORT CHARGES.

The Montevideo Express of the 12th inst. reprints from a Buenos Aires freight report the following scale of customs and port charges in Buenos Aires and river ports;

Inward pilotage from Cape St. Mary, or Point Indio, is bargained for, and ranges from \$40 to \$80 m/n. Outward pilotage from the port is generally obtained for about \$40 m/n. The clear ance expenses of vessels are about:

Loaded, and if under 500 tons register \$ 90 m/n Proceeding in ballast..... 25 ,,

Steamers, on paying \$600 m/n for what are termed "packet privileges," available for three years, have the advantages of being allowed to discharge and load by day and night, and to sail immediately after loading. (Sailing vessels are de-tained and export duties on cargo shipped are liquidated). The expenses entering at customs

Per register ton for light dues..... \$-.07 m/n ,, ,, for sanitary dues... —.02 ,, Stamp on manifest...... —.50 ,, Vessels discharging at La Boca, or Barracas,

Towage and pilotage in and out from \$50 to

Entering dues, per register ton, if		
over 150 tons register	\$30	
Wharfage, per register ton, for first		
100 tons, daily	02	
Wharfare, for every subsequent reg-		
ister ton, daily	01	

It wharfage is for consignee's account, vessels nevertheless pay one day's wharfage dues to government mole. Steamers entering La Boca or Barracas pay half dues only.

Stevedoes.—Discharging, loading, or shifting cargo is paid for at \$1.40 per man per diem, and tood. Night work counts double pay, or 25 cts. to 30 cts. per ton according to cargo.

Rivers Parana and Uruguay.—With exception of pilotage to and from, and a coaster's license, there are no extra port charges to pay at any one or more Argentine ports in these rivers

150 ,, Pilotage to and from Paysandú 90 to 150 ,,

The navigation of these rivers can be effected by day or night; 17 feet of water can always be reckoned up to Rosario or Paysandu, excepting at El Globo (Martin Garcia), where, at times, and especially after a succession of N. W. winds, the water falls to II feet. The ground is however soft water mas to It leet. The ground is nowever sort and muddy, and N. W. winds are not prevalent for any length of time. Vessels drawing over 16 leet should, however, lighten to that draught before proceeding to the rivers,

#### PROVINCE OF BAIIIA.

The Diario Official of the 26th publishes extracts from the relatorio presented on April 1st by the president of Bahia upon turning over the government of the province to his successor, from which we make the following abstract:

C.	
The debt of the province was:	
Foreign loan, £800,000	7,111,200\$
Stock to be paid, 7%	667,600
do converted, 6%	1,631,600
do 6%	2,250,000

11,660,400\$

From this amount is to be deducted the proceeds of £168,000 to be applied to the payment of the outstanding 7 per cent, stock and the amortization specified by a law of April, 1888, which will reduce the total to 10,167,048\$. The £168,000 is the fourth installment of the foreign loan.

The service of the debt amounts to \$38.010\$880. or 355,560\$ on the foreign and 183,350\$880 on

the domestic debt.	
On March 27th, 1888, the debt was	as follows:
Stock, 6%	2,250,000\$
do 7%	5,761,300
Stock, 6%	1,570,000
	9,581,300\$

for the service of which 663,891\$ was requisite. The province has therefore increased the capital of its debt while reducing, apparently, the cost of its

Among the assets of the province are specified; Central Bahia and Paraguassú rail-

way shares	1,000,000\$000
Nazareth tramway, do	500,000 000
Aquaria Sant'Amarense, do	30,000 000
Loan to Hugh Wilson, interest add-	
ed to 31st March, 1884	626,608 812

2,156,608\$812

To which should be added dividends on the tramway stock from October 1st, 1884, and which are due the province. In 1887-88 the provincial treasury collected 121,216\$992 of debts arising from unpaid taxes.

The receipts of the province in 1887-88 were 3,571,818\$963, of which 208,450\$ was ordinary, and expenses were 3,561,724\$381, of which 483,867\$443 were extraordinary. A balance was apparent of 285,512\$025 on ordinary expenditure and a deficit of 275,417\$443 on extraordinary, leaving a net balance of 10,094\$582.

For the first half of 1888-89 (sic) the receipts, exclusive of financial transactions, amounted to 744, 160\$400, of which 1,370,340\$438 were ordinary and 2,373,820\$052 extraordinary, while expenses reached the sum of 3,703,228\$297.

For 1888-89 the revenue is estimated to produce 3,118,395\$018 and expenses are estimated at 3,. 163, 176\$781, or a deficit is apparent of 44, 781\$763.

THE first crop of West African cocoa has just THE first crop of twest annual coordinates arrived in Hamburg. The high expectations entertained for some time with regard to this new coordinates are as valuable as Bahia beans. Further the beans are as valuable as Bahia beans. Further lots are expected from the 120,000 encoa trees which were planted three years ago and have already attained a height of 10 to 12 feet.—Chemist and Druggist, April 20th.

# LEGISLATIVE NOTES

May 18 .- In the Senate a motion of Sr. Danias for information as to relief measures in the province of Bahia was passed. The debate on Senator Ignacio Martins' motion was adjourned for 48 hours, in order to secure the presence of the pre-In the Chamber there was no quorum.

May 20.—In the Senate the committee reported the reply to the Speech from the Throne. Senator Meira de Vasconcellos' motion for information as to relief for the sufferers from drouth in the provinces of Parahyba, Rio Grande do Sul and Piauhy, and to the suspension of a health inspector in the ince of Amazonas, was passed. Senator Bo Senator Belisario asked for information as to the last credit opened asked for information as to the last credit opened in favor of the president of Ceará. The premier replied and Sr. Belisario again spoke. The Ignacio Martins' motion again came up, the premier and Viscoude de Ouro Preto speaking; the delate was adjourned. In the Chamber Deputy Spinola presented the project of a law to abolish the Christmas and some other holiday wantions. The project of the law declaring May 13th a mational holiday was rejected in first discussion. Deputy Gongdwes Ferviria defended his action, when president of the province of Minas Geraes, in contracting the Loyo loan, and Deputy Lourenço de Albuquerque spoke on the naval force bill.

May 2t. — No session in either Senate, or

May 21. - No session in either Senate, or

May 22. - In the Senate Sr. Avila presented a number of questions regarding the Matto Grosse army of observation. The premier and Senator Belisario spoke on the Ignacio Martins motion. In the Chamber the project of the reply to the Speech the Chamber the project of the reply to the Speech from the Throne was read. Deputy Affonso Celso moved for information as to the cost of repairing the Imperial Chapel. Deputy Rodrigues Peisoto asked to know how much of the 12,000,000% ad-vanced by the Treasury to the Bank of Brazil had been employed. The same deputy's motion to declare urgent the delate on the freedom of reli-gion law was rejected by 57 to 49 youtes. Deputies Naburon and Laurengo de Albuquerque spoke in the debate on the maval force bill.

Mar 23.—21 the Seaate the minister of forcion

May 23 .- In the Senate the minister of foreign affairs spoke on the motion of Senator Avila relative to the Matto Grosso expedition. Sr. Avila finally spoke on the Iguacio Martins motion and this was passed. Senators Saraiva and Avila, and the minister of marine, spoke on the credit granted the navy department. In the Chamber there was no

May 24 .- In the Senate Sr. Silveira Martins moved for information as to why the government had not dismissed the president of Rio Grande do Sul, as requested by the provincial assembly. Senator Avila and the minister of marine again discussed naval affairs. In the Chamber Deputy Diana took his seat. The report of the Loye investigation committee was discussed by Deputies Andrade Figueira and Mac Dowell, the former in Addrage Figueira and mac bowen, the former in defense of and the latter attacking the government. Deputies Passos de Miranda and Clarindo Chaves spoke on Amazonas provincial matters.

May 25. - No session in either Senate, or Cham-

# Provincial Notes

-Counterfeit "nickels" are circulating in Pará. -The surveys for determining the plans and

cost of the proposed drainage works at Juiz de Fora were begun on the 21st inst.

On April 30th last the balance on deposit at the Bahia savings bank amounted to 3,726,910\$736 divided among 9,243 depositors.

—A telegram from Campos, Rio de Jane dated on the 25th states that a priest had I arrested there charged with the murder of

-Favorable committee reports have been [ to the São Paulo extraordinary provincial assembly on the question of authorizing g loans to Santos and Campinas for sanitary relief and unprovements.

-The Amazon provinces seem to be all breaking up. Recent advices say the bishop of Pará had discharged Canon Costa Aguiar, a parish priest, who is a deputy to the general legislature.

-We are glad to note that the academic republican club of São Paulo had declared its adhesion to the ideas advanced by the directory of the republican party. The country may now be considered safe.

-Two local capitalists of Amparo, São Paulo, have offered to supply that town with light (electric), water and drainage for 10,000\$ a year, all houses paying a rental of less than 120\$ a year

-The Diario de Minas relates that a roulette table was recently discovered in a house in Juiz de lable was recently inscovered in a nouse in Juz de Fóra by the police, and was thereupon seized ac-cording to law. A short time after, however, the authorities restored the prohibited article to its owner. The higher police authorities of Juiz de Fóra may rightfully be suspected of pronounced sympathy with the gamblers.

-In the village of Cananea, province of São Paulo, beans sell for 5\$000 per 40 litres and eggs at 160 reis (8 cents) per dozen. And yet in Cam pinas, in the same province, these articles command almost starvation prices.

-Recent advices from the interior of the prov ince of Bahia describe the situation there as critical. The drouth has been very severe people were moving to the sea-board and deaths from starvation are also reported.

-A case of presence of mind is reported from Mocóca, S. Paulo. A couple went to church to be married, but the bride refused to marry the groom, whereupon the latter invited all the guests to take beer with him in honor of his escape,

-The service of discharging steamers in the port of Santos has reached a most demoralizing state. It would appear that the custom house has at last reached a point where nothing is attended to bu the drawing of salaries and imposition of fines.

-The recent election in the 11th district of Pernambuco to fill a vacancy in the delegation to the General Assembly, resulted in a victory for the liberal candidate Dr. João Augusto do Rego Barros. Ex-Minister Portella was the conservative

The thieves are now having a "go" at poor — The thieves are now having a "go" at pool Campinas, breaking into houses, whose owners are away, and carrying off anything that suits them. As these scoundrels appear to enjoy immunity from fever, perhaps lynching a few of them would have a salutary effect.

-On the 11th inst, the president of the province of S. Paulo, in reply to a communication from the Spanish vice-consul at Santos, declined to send back to Europe a number of Spaniards, but offered them five days lodging and board and lots of ground at the Boa Vista colonial nucleus.

-Recent advices from Pernambuco state that —Recent advices from Pernambuco state that the city is much excited over an idea that there is an organization there for child-stealing. A negro, arrested for stealing turkeys, was supposed to be one of the band and would have been killed had not the police promptly interfered.

-The Provincia do Pará of the 5th just, say: that 5.567 Ceará refugees are receiving public aid at Maudos, capital of the province of Amazonas. If these people are to continue pensioners after leaving their native province, why can they not be sent where they can be employed in public works?

-A Victoria, Espirito Santo, journal says there are conferred accounts in the Treasury agency there since (1885) that have not been paid, because no funds have been provided. Four years after accounts are passed seems a long time to make creditors wait for their money, even if they are of the accounts. the government.

 A local paper says that smnggling is carried on at Livramento, Rio Grande do Sul, continuously an Livramenton, No Grande of Sul, continuously and with the apparent commission of the police. The town of Rivera, on the Uruguayan side, is full of merchandies, which is finding its way across the frontier day and night. It is asserted that the new reduced schedule for Rio Grande is not suffi-cient for checking this contraband trade.

-The telegraph announces the death of Dr Caio Prado, president of Ceará and brother of Cano Prado, president of Ceará and brother of Senator Antonio Prado, which occurred on the morning of the 25th inst, at Fortaleza, Ceará. He was taken ill with fever about the 21st, which som developed into a virulent type of yellow lever. He was still a young man and had served as president of the provinces of Alagóas and Ceará with con-siderable, success, being very popular with certain classes of the people.

# Railroad Notes

It is reported that work on the projected Ubatuba and Taubaté railway will be begun within the next three months.

A telegram received here on the 22nd, it is said, confirms the report of the sale of the Sta. Isabel do Rio Preto, province of Rio de Janeiro, railway in London.

-The April traffic of the Macahé and Campus railway produced 146,081\$570, or 49,785\$980 from importation, 91,936\$90 from exportation and 4,359\$500 sundries.

-On the 23rd the organization of the Espirin Santo and Minas railway company was confirmed. The company is formed by Belgian capitalists with capital of 10,000,000 francs

-The engineers of the Central Uruguay railway arrived at Sant'Anna do Livramento, province of Rio Grande do Sul, on the 25th, made surveys from Passo dos Touros,

—The February receipts of the São Paulo rail-way amounted to \$40,370\$270, and the expend-itures to 196,445\$200, leaving a surplus of 643,-931\$070. The January surplus was 580,253\$830.

-The São Paulo provincial government has just authorized the payment of the interest guarantee to the Ituana and Sorocabana companies for the last half of 1888, the former receiving 39,851\$037 and the latter 87,614\$890.

-According to recent advices from Pará the work on the extension of the Bragantina railway has been actively pushed. Clearings through the forest extended 3 kilometres, and 1,200 metres of fillings had been completed.

-The São Paulo provincial assembly has approved the construction of a railway from Ubatuba to Taubaté. This will give São Paulo another port, and will, if successful, draw something from the traffic now coming over the D. Pedro II line.

-Reports are current that the Villa Isabel tram-—Reports are current that the Villa Isabel tram-way will be sold to foreigners, who will proceed to greatly improve the part of the city served by the line. The price offered is said to be 3,500,000\$ and the purchasers a syndicate with Morton, Rose & Co. at the head.

-The receipts of the Pahia and S. Francisco railway for the latter half of 1888, were 224,295\$-520 and expenses 225,085\$140, or a deficit of 789\$620. For the same time the revenue of the Timbó branch was 30,314\$860 and expenses were 68,012\$390, leaving a deficit of 37,697\$530.

-Upon the application of Senator Saraiva the government has decided to run an extra daily train from Alagoinhas to Bahia, and vice versa. Saraiva gave a pitiable account of the difficulties of transit between the above named places, and as the cost of the extra train is only about 22,000\$ per annum, the minister of agriculture at once ord its establishment.

-An important merchant of Casa Branca, São Paulo, according to the Diario Mercantil, is complaining of the length of time taken by the railways in transporting merchandise from Rio to that place. He has been waiting for goods shipped in Rio on April 22, which had not arrived at Casa Branca on the 20th inst. A month is certainly a long time for such a distance,

-According to an official communication from the chief-engineer there were 30 kilometres of the Sobral, Ceará, railway under construction at latest dates. The engineer states that whereas 140 laborers had been advertised for upon one occasion, only 85 had applied for work, from which it may be inferred that there is not so very much stary ation in Ceará as we are led to believe,

#### RIVER PLATE ITEMS.

The new port of La Plata, Argentine Republic, is to be formally opened July 9th.

-It is aurounced that the city of Montevideo has realized a loan of \$10,000,000 in London.

-The Argentine government has ordered the manufacture of torpedo balloons for the army,

-It is pleasing to note that a cablegram of the 23rd announces that the new red uniforms of President Celman's new guard were much admired.

-A new enterprise of the Buenos Aires intendente is to create a co-operative society for supplying the people with fresh beef at cheap

-A telegram from Buenos Aires on the 24th says that a steamship company is being organized in New York for a service between that city and the River Plate.

-President Tajes, of Uruguay, arrived at Buenos Aires on the 23rd with a suite of 300 persons, This beats King Humbert all hollow! Taies was received with impressive ceremonies and lavish display, the republican simplicity of the River Plate running somewhat in that direction. After enjoying the democratic hospitality of the Argentine Republic for a week, the Uruguayan magn return home on the 30th,

-According to an abstract of the annual report of the President of the Argentine Republic published in the *Kiver Plate Times* the imports in 1888 were valued at \$127,507,860 and the exports \$99,-556,377. The foreign debt is now \$87,905,807, and the internal debt, including bonds sold to the banks, \$192,213,364. The bank note circulation is now \$151,160,496, guaranteed by 4 1/2 per cent bonds. It is to be presumed that the currency debt is not included in the amounts first mentioned.

-This is what the Bishop of the Falkland islands, who was a passenger on the R. M. S. Atrato, says about Argentine quarantine: "In the River Plate dread of the Brazilian fever h become a panie, and severe quarantine restrictions are in force. In company with some 200 fellow passengers from on board the Royal Mail steamship Atrate, I am at the present moment explating the crime of visiting the ports of Brazil on my voyage from England. We are cramped up in a small river steamer - un lazareto flotante - in quarantine in the River Plate. Fifteen days of seclusion have already passed over our weary heads, owing to three deaths from yellow fever in the Alrato, and we have been condemned to ten more, because a steerage passenger has died on board this vessel of something quite unconnected with that discase. Persons bound for this river should travel in boats, which avoid Brazil in the sickly season." From the preceding it is clearly evident that with all the jaw and fire-sworks ex-pended on the Brazilian press committee at Buenos Aires, the bosom friends of the empire do not mind putting trifling restrictions on commercial

-Ex-Dictator Santos is said to have left a for of eighteen million dollars, every which was extorted from the little state of Urugua in a period of about six years.

-According to a telegram from Buenos Aires or According to a telegram from intense Aires on the 23rd, a report is circulating in that city that President Celman is mebitating a visit to Rio in August next. May heaven forbid! One week's entertainment of this republican potentate would quite bankrupt the country.

-Telegrams from Buenos Aires under date of the 23rd report an engagement between the gov ernment forces and rebels in Paraguay, resulting in the defeat of the former and the death of their commander. The government has forbidden the newspapers to give news of the outbreak, and little is therefore known of its character and extent.

#### WEST COAST ITEMS.

We extract from the Chilian Times of March 23 the following items of news:

-The "Sociedad de Fomento Fabril" is about to organize the first of the proposed annual exhibits of national industries.

-Mr. Firth is in treaty with the Bolivian govmment for the construction of a railway to unit La Paz with Arica.

- The farms, vineyards, gardens, and orchards in Santiago valley are said to be swarming with rats. The rodents are committing great ravages on crops and vegetables, and it is feared they will attack the vines.

Messrs. Francis A. Kelly and F. Boyd have secured the contract from the American syndicate for the construction of the Valdivia and Osorno railway for 7,500,000 dollars. This price does not include diling stock, permanent way and bridges.
The contractors are experienced railway men, and
the official estimate of the Valdivia and Osorno line is said to be the fairest of all the estimates of the projected new railways.

-A San Carlos paper says that Chilian em aries have arrived from the Argentine republic with the object of recruiting immigrants for that country. They offer each immigrant 50 cuadras (nearly 200 acres) of land, a building lot in the new towns that are founded, and the right of pasturage on a square league of public lands. It is reported that from Mendoza to the latitude of San Carlos there are 100,000 Chilians settled along the eastern hase of the Andes.

# Coffee Notes

-A Nilgri planter, a Mr. L. W. Gray, writes a letter to the Madras Mail, with reference to the results of pruning on the bearing capabilities of cofiec. The letter referred to is as follows

SIR,-I am in charge of an estate which has given the following crops, per acre-

given the following crops, per acre—
1880-1881. 11 cwts. 1884-1885. 5 cwts.
1881-1882. 5 , 1885-1885. 15 , 1882-1885. 10 , 1882-1883. 10 , 1883-1884. 15 , Total. 61 cwts.
—10 cwts. per acre for 6 years.
This, I must mention, was brought about by non-

This, I must mention, was brought about by non-pruning, liberal manuring, and irrigation. From 1883 to 1885 the estate was visited by several planters who had heard of the above result, and they all said the place must be pruned, or it would go out. So I tried a small field, and, as the trees go out. 30 1 tree a sman net, and, as the trees did not seem to suffer, I proposed to the proprietor that we should prune the whole estate, and to this he gave his sanction. So in 1886 the pruning took place, and the result of crops has been as follows: 1886-87=3 cwts. per acre., 1887-88=10 cwts. pe acre, 1888-89=6 cwts. per acre. Total 19-or 6 cwt. per acre for 3 years. The trees in the above cwt. per acre for 3 years. The trees in the above years, viz., 1886-88, at blossom time, put in quite 10 cwts. per acre, but during March or April a large percentage of the hearing wood died back, and consequently I lost my crop. Now, what I and consequently I lost my crop. Now, what I want to know is—is this dying back due to pruning, or "leaf disease." Last year, after pruning, the estate looked fit for 15 cwts, per acre, and there is no doubt that that amount of blossom came out, but, as I said before, most of my wood died back. This year we did not prune, and a magnificent blossom has been out, quite, if not more than, 15 cwts, per acre; but the wood is beginning to the back again, and the trees are almost leafless. Until pruning commenced in 1886 this dying back was unknown on the estate.—Cepton Times.

#### COFFEE ESTIMATES

The following statistics of the total coffee production of the world for 1888, and the estimated production and consumption for 1889, which have been prepared by an English firm, we clip from the dumins of the London Produce Markets' Review If this forecast proves to be correct, stocks next will be unprecedentedly low; it must b membered, however, that the reports of the Brazilian stocks are proverbially unreliable, and that consumption has a habit of shrinking to an astonishing extent when prices reach a high level. The figures are as follows:

1

۲-	PRODUCTION OF	THE WORLD.	
ìſ		1888-89,	1889-90
y	Brazils.	Tons.	Tons.
	Rio	270,000	*150,000
11	Santos	150,000	*90,00
	Bahin, etc	30,000	*22,00
d	Java, Government	33,800	31,000
n	,, private	18,000	16,000
S	Sumatra	7,000	6,500
d	Macassar	7,200	7,000
"	Manila	5,700	6,000
	Ceylon	6,000	6,000
ď	East Indies	13,200	11,600
	Mocha and African	6,000	6,000
- [	British West Indies,	5,100	6,000
3	Cuba and Porto Rico	21,000	10,000
r	St. Domingo	27,000	24,000
2	Costa Rica New Granada, Venezuela,	9,000	9,000
1	La Guayra, Maracaibo,		
	etc	40,000	42,000
-1	caragua, etc	36,000	38,000
	Mexico	6,000	5,500
	* **	691,000	495,600
	* Most other estimates give tl Brazils as only 200,000 tons.	ne total production	n from the
	CONSTINUESTON OF		

CONSUMPTION OF THE WORLD.	
	1888-89.
Halland Conversion	Tons.
United States,	232,000
Canada, etc	18,000
Germany	123,000
Austria and Hungary	36,000
I THILLE	66,000
Belgium	27,000
Holland	27,000
England	15,000
Denmark	5,700
Norway and Sweden	21,000
Kussia	16,500
Italy	16,500
Switzerland	7,800
Portugal and Spain	6,600
Turkey and Levant	14,400
Balkan States	9,000
North Africa	
Cape, Australia, etc	10,500
[-]	19,500
	671.500

Stock in the United States and Europe, Deduct total consumption in the world, 671,500 ..... 495,600 Deduct total consumption in the world for 1889-90, estimated at 100,700 tons less than for the preceding year ......... 570,800

Would leave estimated stock, Aug. 1, 1890 48,800 - Merchants' Review, New York, April 5th,

The figures given above appear an attempt to prove that even after allowing for a decrease of consumption the stocks of coffee on August 1st next year will be reduced to less than sufficient for one month's supply. It is not by such deductions that the market is likely to be affected; on the contrary, it is more probable that scoffers will show their wit in such a case, and it is just as well to prove by figures, at once, that not only will there be no stocks on a fixed date, but a large deficit shown.

#### LOCAL NOTES

-According to a local journal the medicines furnished the poor people during the epidemic will cost upwards of 19,000\$.

-The new barracks at the gunnery school at Campo Grande are estimated to cost 423,139\$034, but the expense is to be divided between two fiscal

-Our readers had better keep a sharp lookout for counterfeit silver. The police are investigating at least one case of false 2\$ pieces, and others are sure to come up.

-A large shareholder of the Pastoril Mineira company left on the Neva on the 21st to study the question of cattle-breeding in Holland, and that of the importation of improved stock,

-As a scarcity of farinha de mandioca seems impending, every effort should be exerted to prove superiority of wheaten bread over this horrid stuff, so aptly called by the Portuguese "wood flour."

 A clever thief succeeded in obtaining 43 bags —A elever timer succeeded in obtaining 43 bags of coffee from a factor's store here on the 20th and promptly sold it to a roaster. We congratulate the rascal; 43 bags of coffee at present prices are worth "collaring."

-WANTED. -Some reliable information of a government commission sent to build reservoirs in the province of Ceará and which is supposed to be Information will be thankfully received at the office of this journal,

—According to an exchange the predial tax assessment in this city shows a total of 33,724 buildings, of which 32,689 are subject to the tax. When the assessment was made 3,555 dwellings were vacant. The rental value of all the buildings in the city is entered at the total sum of 36,688,

-The Ceará senatorial election appears to have resulted in a victory for the Ibiapaba faction whose ticket comprises two conservatives and one liberal.

-The only thing we have been able to deduce from the long discussion of the Loyo business in the Senate is that nothing is proved by either side. A tempest in a tea-pot,

-At the juizo dos feilos de fazenda on the 24th Gen. Franzini's claim against the Treasury for 8,800,000\$ was quashed (julgado improcedente). The general asked too much.

--The Treasury agent in London has received three months' leave of absence to visit the Paris exposition — we should say, to be treated for some unexplained disease. His salary continues.

-Will the director-general of the postoffice please take note that his clerks still continue to emove postage stamps from mail matter? should like to know if theft is tacitly permitted in the postoffice.

-The 25th inst. was duly noted by the Brazilian press. May 25th is the anniversary of the day upon which the Argentines declared their independence of Spain and delivered themselves over to civil wars and domestic tyrants.

-The minister of empire has charged Barão de Guimarães to draw up regulations for granting concessions for mineral water springs. With the baron's experience at the department of agriculture the regulations should be gilt-edged,

-At a meeting of the liberal party on the 23rd, the platform as presented by the committee was accepted, and the executive committee was instructed to edit and publish it. After which the "Centro Liberal" was declared dissolved.

-On the 23rd these was no session at the Chamber of Deputies, because, says a witty colleague, all the liberals had gone to a meeting of their "Centro", and the majority of the house were invited to a conference with the premier.

-At the conference of the majority of the deputies with the premier, the latter is said to have explained the necessity of assiduous attendence at the Chamber, and that his hearers were all agreed to support the government. The conference was held on the 23rd.

-Another case of murder caused by the silly —Another case of murder caused by the silly custom among Brazilians of calling in incapable midwives. One of these creatures declared an infant a few days old to be tongue-tied, and used scissors to correct the complaint. The poor baby died from the hemorrhage which followed the operation.

-A man - who should know better-says the —A man—who should know better—says the reason that Brazilian statesmen are so "gassy" is owing to the inordinate quantity of carbonic acid they mix with their wine. Sanerbrunnen appears the favorite, but the modest spylnon is not objected to. The orators must talk, whether they will,

-On the 23rd inst. the municipal chamber resolved to let the abattoir to a syndicate for 60 years and to permit the building of another nearer the city than the present one which is to be held for the same time. If we read the report correctly 200,000\$ will be paid for the present and 240,000\$ for the new establishment.

-We trust that Sr. Quintino Bocayuva, supreme chief of the Brazilian republican party, is taking chief of the Brazilian republican party, is taking full notes of the symplicity and economy with which the republics of the River Plate are being administered. Tavelling with suites of 300 to 400 persons, body guards in new red uniforms, the rapid accumulation of presidential fortunes, and all that, can not fail to please the imagination of Brazil's future president.

-What is the matter with the nobility? 'commendador" is now under arrest for complic "commendador" is now under arrest for complic-ity in the introduction and circulation of counterfeit 200\$ notes, and another one died a few days since in whose bouse was found many things connected with the manufacture of this kind of money. It is said that correspondence was also found which implicates many people in this city and the prov-loces in the business. If the courts would only send a few commendators and hardsets to Fernando de Noronha, perhaps matters would go on better.— On the 22nd the

-On the 22nd the Fornal do Commercio sent a package of papers to Paquetá in conformity with package of papers to Paquetá in conformity with the new regulations, the package being accompanied by a list of the persons to whom the papers should be delivered. The agent at Paquetá received the package, counted the papers, found one short, and then, instead of delivering the papers in hand, re-turned the whole lot to the office of the Yornal on the following day. The Yornal, with justice, complains of the exercise of so much brilliant dis-cretion. Perhaps the Yornal will try our method — paste the address on each paper.

-A most barefaced attempt at fraud has been discovered here. Insurance was effected on cargo valued at 21,000\$ from Penedo to this port, but the underwriters received notice that it was intended to wreck the vessel bringing it, and their representative telegraphed the owner of ship and creb that the insurance had been cancelled. The bills of fading and drafts against them were duly received here and the latter homored, and the vessel. Braz. lug. Histor, has also arrives but worthout the cargo. Whether the master prokelted a bribe and then betrayed his principals, or whether the telegram alarmed the shippers will be fater on discovered, as the matter will be proceeded with in the courts. Penedo is rapidly becoming unsavory in the nostrils of Kio underwriters. discovered here. Insurance was effected on cargo

-As was to be expected the Senate's reply to the Speech from the Throne contains various attacks on the government. It is a perfect parody,

—A goodly proportion of the ex-slave convicts pardoned on the 13th by the Emperor appear to have died previous to the date of their pardon. The department of justice must have a curious manner of keeping its statistics.

-The minister of agriculture has imposed a fine of 1,000\$ on the gas company for allowing its stock of coal to become reduced to 6,300 tons on April 1st, when the contract provides that coal for three mouths, estimated at 9,000 tons, must always

On the 22nd the first of the disinfecting stations was inaugurated. The apparatus is of French invention and steam at a temperature of 115° is used. The first experiments are said to have been satis factory, insomuch as the articles exposed showed no damage.

-The editor of the Diarro de Noticias is evidently going around with a "chip on his shoulder." He makes matters very warm for Sr. Nabuco on the 26th, and advises the abolition leader to enter the cabinet, instead of figuring as an extranumerary minister.

-A telegram from the Brazilian minister at Buenos Aires received here on the 21st says that quarantine for vessels from Rio had been reduced to 48 hours observation. When the Buenos Aires folks hear we are dying 5 and 6 per day of beri-beri, they will stick quarantine on again.

-O Paiz says that as the government water supply works are of a permanent description, no date has been fixed for their completion. It is atisfactory to know this, for it is now over 60 days since the government Moses has been at work on the new sources, and there is no news of an increas ed supply.

-On the 16th inst, the minister of empire decided to dispense with the services of doctors, disinfectors, etc., who were employed during the late epidemic. With burnals reaching 40 and 50 per day in May, we hope the minister has not been premature. The sanitary fiscal has also been retired to private life.

-On the 22nd a fisherman caught a floating box addressed "For the Lord Good Jesus of Iguape and which contained a quantity of wax candles. The faith of the person who took this roundabout way of showing his piety will no doubt meet with its due reward, as the case has been handed over to the police authorities at Nietheroy.

-Senators Castro Carreira and Avila had quite a little discussion on the 20th. The former made some sharp attacks on Sr. Revy's manner of building reservoirs in Ceará, of which province he is a representative, and the latter, who seems to have the highest opinion of Sr. Révy, told his colleague that he knew nothing at all about the affairs of his

-The Paiz on the 22nd says a correspondent reports that a man at Guarany, municipality of Pomba, Minas Geraes, was bitten by a mad dog and came to Rio for treatment at the national Pasteur institute — we presume it was the Pasteur, for it is said to have been an institute. The patient was discharged as cured, but a few days after his return home, hydrophobia attacked him, and at his own request a neighbor strangled him with a lasso. What was the use of coming to Rio if a domestic remedy could so readily be applied?

-Deputy Spinola's motion to suppress certain holiday vacations is, we presume, directed at the courts. The time is certainly excessive, if the interests of suitors are considered. The Christmas interests of snitors are considered. The Christmas vacation extends from December 21st to January 31st; 1101y Week covers the period of fifteen consecutive days, according to Lent; the Week of the Holy Chost is the seven days following Whitsunday. Then we have about ten Sains' days not included in the above and four national holidays, or in all 77 days, say two months and a-half, when the courts are closed.

-On the 22nd inst. O Paiz published the manifesto of Sr. Quintino Bocayuva, recently elected manifesto of Sr. Quantino Bocayuva, recently elected chief of the party, to the republicus of Brazil. It is a long and interesting document, for its Portuguese is choice and its sentences all rhetorical. The principal features appear to be that the chief of the party will, as its head, combine certain administrative powers, to which the members will submit; that liberty, equality and fraternity will be its motto, and the social, moral and financial improvement of the country its aim. Sr. Bocayuva is unfortunate in some of the references he makes; particularly in referring to the cheapness of republican governments, for the immunes fortune lately left by the president of a neighboring republic contradicts the statement. The comparison of civil lists is not altegether fair. English legislators lend their services grauntously to the country; were they to claim remuneration the civil list of the Crown would possibly be reduced. One facuna in the manifesto is a word is said about the feadal lords of the Brazilia plantations, while indignant reference is made to fand granted children of the Emperor as part of their marriage settlements. chief of the party, to the republicans of Brazil.

#### BIRTH.

On the 19th instant, at Larangeiras, the wife of G. W. Nicolls, of a son.

-A Turkish subject who rejoices in the name of Assad Boati Jahjah has become a Brazilian citizen. He will be the first real ja ja in Brazil.

-We notice that a patent medicine had cured an employée of the custom house of rheumatism, Could it not be more generally employed in the establishment ?

-From the leader of the Jornal of the 25th it would appear that the colonists who owe anything to the government are going to be squeezed. The Jornal advises elemency; we suggest absolution.

-It is too had that the lucky men of O Die should so ruthlessly expose their success with the other sex. It is daily too, and makes one inclined to believe that for real first-class adventures Rio is kilometres ahead of Paris.

-The director of the Observatory is also to go to the Paris exposition, on an important commission from the minister of empire. At least he is going to Europe. At this rate there will not be an official left in Brazil before very long.

The Mint received 30 boxes of nickel by the str.  $Tycho\ Brahe$  which arrived here on the 4th inst. The mark was  $M\ F$  in a square, and the government is going to square the circle with coins worth about one-third of their nominal value.

-Three street beggars were recently sent to the auxiliary asylums on IIIa do Governalor where they were searched. One had 176\$ in coin and paper money, another 56 sovereigns and the third 2000, also in gold. The Yornal is responsible for the story.

—On the morning of the 25th a negro burglar entered a house on the Rua da Alfandega, and when the owner of the house attempted to give an alarm, attacked him with a knife and so seriously wounded him that his life is despatied of. Moral; sleep with your revolver under your pillow, and shoot first. You can then give an alarm, if you choose.

-O Paiz of the 25th has a notice regarding Transfer of government stock, and states that one of the witness to the transfer was an individual before implicated in a somewhat similar operation. When an honest man goes to the Caixa de Amortização, the precautions taken seem admirable, but rogues appear to find the road open for them.

-On the 25th a negro made a complaint to the —On the 25th a negro made a complaint to the police that he had been kept a month in the stocks on a plantation in this province, probably near Parahyla do Sul, under suspicion of stealing a watch. While in the stocks the "jiggers,"—or chigoes—atacked his feet and legs, and he is now quite lame. Of course nothing can be done to an exploitated planter who vents his wrath on a "nigger."

-The Jornal of the 26th says that it had been informed a few days before that the telegraph betmornion a tew days before that the telegraph between this city and Buenos Aires had been reserved exclusively for the minister of foreign affairs. The information was carefully withheld from the public, but the Jornati's now informed that the boundary questions between the empire and the republic are at the point of a decision honorable to both parties.

-A very serious matter is referred to in the —A very serious matter is referred to in the Gazeta de Noticias of the 25th. Our colleague states that it has the envelopes of two letters from Italy on which extra postage was charged, and which are not marked with the usual stamp to prove short payment. Moreover, it is the Gazeta that speaks, the letters bear marks that show where stamps have been affixed. The inference is clear. The mania for stamp collecting has bitten some postoffice official, and if the crime can be traced, the collector of other people's stamps merits dismissal. It is curious, but from the time when the Antiquary flourished, collectors of all descriptions are the most inveterate "amnexers" ever discovered.

# FINANCIAL NOTES

-The S. Paulo provincial assembly is now discussing a bill authorizing the Cantareira e Esgotos company, of the capital, to raise a loan of L.

-Those sanguine investors in London who have recently covered the new Paraguayan loan two or three times over, must now feel that they have been just a little too previous.

-The Banco União de Credito has opened lists for a debenture loan of 350,000\$ for the S. Lazare mill. The par is 200\$, price 95 per cent, interest 7 and sinking fund I per cent. A first mortgage on the property of the mill secures the loan.

-On the 23rd it was stated that the Rio de Janeiro municipal loan would be awarded to Vis conde de Figueiredo at 79 per cent. 4 interest and I per cent, sinking fund. The decision of the gov-ernment must be awaited before the operation is ernment must concluded,

—A new hank is in process of formation, to be known as the Banco do Rho de Janeiro, with a capital of 1,000,000\$. The incorporators are Srs. Antonio Alexandre Lopes do Couto, Joaquim Mendes da Costa Marques and Manoel José da Graça Teixeira.

-A telegram received here on the 23rd states that the directors of the English Bank of Rio de Janeiro, Limited, would propose a dividend of ror per share, to carry £10,000 to reserve fund—thus increasing this to £150,000—and to carry forward £7,000. This dividend completes 8 per cent. per annum.

-A local paper says it is proposed to start a co-perative coal company here with a capital of operative coal 200,000\$.

-Another bank, Banco da Industria Nacional. Another bank, Banco du Industria Nacional, is in process of formation here. The capital will not exceed 2,000,000\(^2\) and the objects of the bank is to lend money on uncovered (a descebelo) credits to its shareholders and advance on goods, manufactured and raw, in store or warehouse.

-On the 22nd the Bolsa here was very anim —On the 22nd the Bolsa here was very animated. The operations in the deferred shares of the Leopoldina railway were large and prices were pushed up rapidly. Rumors were current that some financial operation was contemplated, through which these shares are to approach the preferred shares as to dividends.

-The mortgage creditors of the "Arrojo dos —The mortgage creditors of the "Arroio dos Ratos" coal mine met on the 23rd and organized a company to be known as the S. Feronymo Mines, to take over the plant, etc., of the bankrept company, with a capital of 1,200,000\$, the claims of the creditors amounting to 1,150,230\$290. Srs. Hermann Kalkuld and E. P. Frank were elected directors of the new company.

-The April receipts of the Pará custom house —The April receipts of the Para custom house were 516,079\$375, against 840,057\$000 in the same month of last year and 705,8188761 in 1887. For the quarter ending March 31st the total re-ceipts were 2,263,0587876, against 2,631,0484831 in the corresponding quarter of 1888, and 2,460, 477\$600 in 1887. The provincial receipts (rece-bederta) also show a decided decrease.

-According to a letter extracted from the Com —According to a letter extracted from the Commerce of Perlo and published in the Hiberal Mineiro of the 17th inst., the London and County Bank, of London, denies positively that it has any connection, directly or idirectly, with the 10,000,000% loan of the province of Minas Geraes, for which a contract was signed with J. A. das Silva Loyo Jr. It will be very difficult for Sr. Loyo to explain so singular a transaction as this unauthorized use of a bank's name in order to secure a contract.

-On the 23rd subscription lists were opened at —On the 23rd subscription lists were opened at the Brasilianssche Bank and Banco do Commercio for shares in a company to be known as Sancamento do Kio de Tanciro. The capital will be 2,000,000 fin shares of 2005, of which it is proposed to call up 25 per cent. The object of the company is to construct honess for the poorer classes under the privilege of Sr. Arthur Sauer, who, as we have a heady noticed, has obtained various advantages from the government in the way of free entry of maternal and exemption from taxation. The object is praiseworthy, whatever the financial result may be.

-The receipts in March of the postoffice in thi city and the agencies in the province of Rio de Janeiro were as follows:

	1888	:889
City	39,625\$530	48,923\$510
Province		25.505 910
For the first quarters	the receipts w	rere :
life	184 4715200	ar - 0-2/

270.8078002 306.879\$130

A great part of the increase arises from the new postal rules by which local letters pay 100 rs. per 15 grammes, against 50 rs. last year

#### COMMERCIAL

Rio de Janeiro, May 27th, 1889

### EXCHANGE.

May 20.—Official rates were 26% on Landon, 354—355 on Paris and 347—450 on Hamburg at 92 dpt; 15850 on New York at 8ight. From second hands fault setting was re-ported at 20.3116—27 and brokers quoted commercial at 27.4156—29%. Sovereigns closed with buyers at 889.60 sellers at 889.60 for the end of the month.

seiters at 85% for the end of the month, May 1-- Raises at the lands were unchanged. Bridings were reported in bank sterling direct at 26%—26 (1)f and at 27 (1)9—27 (2)1. Scannelings from second handles Broders gunted commercial stelling at 27 (1)9—27 (2)1. Scannelings closed with Imyers at 8850, 50 for each; buyers at 85% of 150 for each; buyers at 85% of 150 for each buyers at 85% of 150 for

May 43—There were no changes in rates at the banks. Bank stelling was again quoted at 26%—26 1516 direct, with 27 reported from second hands, and commercial at 27 116, 27% and 27 316. Swereigns sold at \$\$\frac{8}{3}\phi\_0\$ on all closed with buyers at this price, sellers at \$\$\frac{8}{3}\phi\_0\$.

with utigers at this price, sellers at \$500.

May 44—The Brazilian banks advanced to 27 on London, the foreign banks were officially unchanged. Posted rates were wife -7 on London, \$55—\$55 on Faris and \$40-47 on London, \$55—\$55 on Faris and \$40-47 for the seller of th

Solverogues soon a responsibility of the process of

	SALES OF STOCKS AND SHARES	
276 60	May 20.  Five per cent. apolices	972 0
100	Five per cent. apolices.  deb. Leopoldina R R, 2008.  " Sorocabana R, R, 1908.	189 o
119 100	Banco do Brazil. do bo June	256 or
300		262 oc
2,465	Leopoldina R.Rdo subs	136 00
1,857	do	25 00 25 25
300	Sorocabana R.R. 40\$ pd	25 50 49 90
360	Villa Isabel do	130 00
687	Gloria market	35 50
7	Five per cent apolices	973 00
0.0	do City of S. Paulo Joan.	96 9 9
300	" Sor cabana R.R. 200\$	189 oo
to:	Banco Commercial	200 00
178	Banco do Commercio	247 00 237 00
100	do h.o. lune	238 00
1.5.	Banco Internacional	265 60
20	do Leopoldina R.R. subs	212 00 26 00
150 1,000	(10)	26 50
1,950	do do	26 50 27 00
21000	do b. a. July x d	26 000 27 000
6aa 100	do do	27 500
400	Sorocabana R.R. 40\$ pd	49 000
M	ay 22,	49 000
15,000	Five per cent, apolices	973 000 96.7 0
20,000	Sovereigns, 31st	8 920
	[gold son]	8 t 50c
310	Banco C. Real de S. Paulo Banco Predial	82 0 66 0
49	Banco do Brazil	105 °
2000	Donat trans, day,	204 000
400	Banco Internacional, 21 July	238 cor 260 cor
94 50	Espirito Sauto and Caravellas R 12	138 ood
Oho.	Leopoldina R. R	137 000
7,366 1,295 250	do do do	28 250
2,250	do	28 500
300 2,000	do b. o. 1000	20 000 20 000
1,000 200 500	do do do b o 30 Junedo do	30 000
4,100	do 15 Julydo b: 0, 31 July, wd	30 500 30 000 29 000
1,300 200 30	do Villa Isabel transway Nacional de Navegação do b. e. 30 June.	31 000 230 000 248 000
500 M	do b.o. 30 June	248 000 251 000
1	Five per cent, apolice	970 000
17	do	972 000 973 000
600 1 464 1	Sovereigns	8 900 94 %
	nyp, notes Banco Predial	66 %
35	Danco Auxiliar	85 °0 170 000
12 1	Sauco do Brazil	260 000 247 000 238 000
350 l	J. Took lat.	238 000 137 500 138 000
250	Banco Popular .copoldina R.R.	138 dea 112 dea 144 dea
1,337	Sanco Popular  cospedibia K, R  do b. o. 30 June  do sulls  b. o. 30 June  do b. o. 30 June  daris Uthanus tranuwy.  ardin Botaniso do  dila Isabel  do do  daris Uthanus tranuwy.	45 000 28 000
20 C	Carris Urbanos tramway	30 000 47 000 120 000
300	illa Isabel do Sacional de Navegação, b. o. 36 June	129 000 130 000
29 I	y 24. Tive per cent. apolices	
300 S	overeigns	8 890
35 €	overeigns.  typ, notes Banco C. Real do Brazil (gold 5%)  eb. Sorocalana R.R. 100\$	82 500
50	Carioga mill	85 % 198 000
50 [	ealdade Iusce	9 500
	conoldina R.R. subs	35 000
fi71		26 000 26 500
341	do	27 000 27 250 27 500 80 000
100		80 000 47 500 48 600
72 J: 238 S.	rdim Botanico tramway. Christavão do July x. d	20) 000 45 000
300 N 270 800	do June. 2	51 000
150 120 Bi	do b. o. 30 June 2 azil Industrial mill	54 000
		67 000
32	do 9	72 000 73 000
72 000 So	do 9 vereigns, 5 June	75 000 8 930
20 hy	p. notes Banco C. Real do Brazil [gold 5"]	82 500 66 %
100 de 30 Br	meo Deleredere	3 000
53 B; 30 B; 100 B;	meo Internacional, co \$ pd	8 000
350 Lo	opoldina R.R. subs	7 500 8 000
700 369 Sn 100	rocabana R. R. L. a. 31 Aug.	000 Q
100 100 200	do 40\$ Jul	7 500
		8 000

#### MARKET REPORT.

Rio de Janeiro, 27th May, 1889. Exports.

03,152 bogs.

For the same time the daily foreign clearances at the ustom house amount to 27,889 bags for the United States
11,416 ... Cape of Good Hope
... . Cape of Good Hope

25 New York of Charles

(18) Havre Fr str Ville de Ceard.

26 Hamburg Ger str Montenides.

27 Dation Br str Mean.

28 Mediterranean Aust str Polline.

29 de Zachy.

20 Lactoo Br str monning sh

The quotations given by the brokers this morange, viz:

| Author | A

Vessels loading and to load, 

Rto Associação Commercial daily cablegram to New York egarding position and quotations of the Coffee market.

do eipts yesterday, bags...
o Santos.....
ments for United State 2nd 9,000 9,000 9,000 10,000 quiet 5,000 5,000 14,000 5,000 8,000 9,000 5,000 5,000 10,000 9,000 1,000 1,000 5,000 5,000 5,000

# Steady : : Steady WEEKLY SUMMARY.

Shipments for United States during the week, do for Europe etc. do do	
Stalling clearances for the United States Steamer clearances do (4)	10,000 ,1
Freights by steamer	16
do sait Steamers loading for United States	3
Stock at San ros this morning, ast and and band-	-/-

Stockart Sarros this morning, istand and hands a for, ooo but Sales for United States during week 10,000 % do Europe do \$5,000 % Shipments to United States do \$5,000 % do Europe do \$3,000 % do Europe do \$3,000 % Market firm: Good Average 6\$100 Steamers bashing for United States.

DAILY RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS OF

	Exchange on London	do Good 2nd. do	Average piice Ordinary 1st per arroba	do and do	Stock, 1st hands	Clearances	Total Shipments bags	,, Elsewhere. ,,	., Cape	,, Europe	Shipments U. States	Receipts	
Fraight per cromer -8: 1	- 27 Ilió	. 8\$500	9\$100		275,187	17,499	33,958	419	1,080	9,562	20,297	8,889	May 20
200	27 1116	8,500	9.100	1	275,187 266,057	4,000	18,720	370	1	4.755	13,635	9.590	May 21
700	27 1116	8,500	g, roo	1	256.550	10,945	14,180		:	5,246	8.934	4,673	May 21 May 22 May 23 May 24 May 25 May 26
200	271%	8,500	9,100	;	251,624	2,750	10,114	;	;	1,127	8,987	5.188	May 23
200	2716	8,500	9,100	;	246,277	3,904	11,421	100	:	5,191	6,124	6.174	May 24
300	273/16	8,500	9,100	;	242,263	200	10,759	1	:	4,473	6,287	6,645	May 25
	;	:	:	:	246,126	:	1	:	:	;	:	3,863	
	:	:	:	;	:	285,187	350,461	17,735	6,000	168,033	218,693	195.876	Totals since 1st May
	1	1		:		:	3,693,898	178,482	93,655	1,229,556	2,192,603	3,968,245	fomes since ast July.

#### Imports

There has been a fair movement in the markets with very slight chenges in quotations and light receipts of most articles. There have been no articles of Flour and the market is higher, but quier. Of pine there are also no re-ceipts, and no changes to report. Land and Kernesure continue flat. Tupentius, Indian Corn and Cement are all rather higher. Bran, Rusin, Rice and Hay are unchanged. Cod-fish continues very dail, stocks are large and show that deliveries are exceedingly small.

Flour.—There have been no receipts and sides and with-hrawals are only about 2,000 bds, leaving a stock in first bands attinated to be 27,000 bds, all American. Brokers report the market quiet at the following quotations:

Trieste	nominal					
Richmond 1st	15\$750-16\$000					
do and	13 75014 000					
Baltimore 1st	15 000-15 250					
do and	14 000-14 250					
Western & Int.	14 non15 250					
Chili	nominal					
River Plate	do					
New Zealand	do					
City Mills	12 500-14 000					

Pitch Pine .- Receipts nil and the market continues firm at 34\$000-35\$000 per dozen

White Pine.—Last sales were at 95—100 rs. per foot a retail and the market is still nominal. There have been ne receipts.

Spruce Pine.-Nothing new.

Swedish Pine.—Market from and quotations unchanged at 33\$000—36\$000 per duz. for real and 34\$000—35\$000 for white deals. Receipts nil.

Kerosene. -Receipts are 1,000 cases per Advance from New York. Brokers continue quotations of 5\$600 per case; market flat.

Lard.—The Advance brought to kegs. We may quote fors to-day at 340-350 rs. per lli, and 360 at retail, and the market flat.

Bran.—No receipts of foreign which is still quoted at 2\$600 -2\$700 per bag. City bran continues to 1e quoted at 2\$100 -2\$300.

Rosin.—Receipts are 200 brls, per Advance and we may omittue to quote at 5\$000-8\$000 per bil, according to

Turpentine.— Quotations are advanced to 400-420 rs er kilogramme and the market is firm. Receipts are 140 sees per Advance.

Indian Corn.-Receipts of foreign nil. River Plate maize is quoted at 4\$000—4\$200 per bag, and native at 3\$700-3\$900, which shows a slight advance.

Coal.—Receipts since our last report have been:

2,355 tous per Albarra from Cardiff
3,049 . Henry Vailing
3,150 . Frank Carvill from Newport
in dealers and companies.

Cement .—We may quote to-day British 7\$000—7\$200 German 5\$600—6\$000 and French 7\$000—7\$500 all per tril Receipts 100 bils. Belgian.

Rice.—Receipts are 35,574 bags per Morna from Rangoor and 5,650 bags via Europe, and quotations from dealers are mechanged at 8\$400—8\$700 per bag.

Hay.—Receipts are 1,513 bales per Cardenas and 2,150 per Carde from Rosario to dealers and contractors. Quotatons are 95—100 rs. per kilogramme. The Carde goes on to be the carde goes on to

Codfish .- Stocks, as verified, are said to amount to 15,0 Codfish.—Stocks, as verified, are said to amount to 15,000 packages and the market remains in the dull state noticed in our preceding reports. The demand is small and the p-sition rather disheattening. Dealers quote tules at 12\$000 -22\$000, and cases at 23\$000 -24\$000. Receipts since our last teport

TE

### SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVALS OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

MÁV 20. CARDIFF-Br ship Albuera; 1,502 tons; Stevens: 44 ds; coal to Wilson Sons & Co.

COAL OF WINSON SORIS & CO. MAY 21.

Cosarto—Amer bk Cavdenas; 369 tons; Horton; 24 ds; hay to Sonza Assumpção & Co.

to outer assumpping & Co.

Als IV 23.

CASDIFF—Amer ship Henry Failing; 1,899 tons; Merriman;
47 ds; coal to Norton, Megaw & Co.

Droters—Port bk Isabel; 1,143 tons; Araujo; 35 ds; sundries
to order.

ROSARIO—Amer bk Carib; 280 tons; Bowers; 19 ds; hay to Frias Hermanos & Co. Frias Hermatos & Co.

MAY 25.

RANGOON—It ship Morna, 1,437 tons: Goodwin; 75 ds.
tice to order.

Эгокто --Port bk Sereia; 393 t-us; Reis; 37 ds; sundries to Veiga Pinto & Co.

DEPARTURES OF FOREIGN VESSELS.

MAY 20.

MAY 20.

Manual Control of FORRIGN PESSELS.

MAY 20.

Manual Control of Homewood; 1,114 tons; Christiansen ballast.

MAT at MAT 21.

\*BINSACOLA—Russ ship Europa; 1,018 tons; Petersen; ballast
\*ARRIPF\*-Nor bli Gann; 1,009 tons; Sivertsen; do,
dictis—Swed bli Zaritsa; 915 tons; Danneberg; do.
\*BINSAMBUCO—Port by Boa Sorte; 202 tons; Serra; sundries

ENNAMBUCO-Port by Boa Norte; 202 tons; Serra; stund MA I' 22. HIP ISLAND—Nor bk Prince Regent; 1,332 tons; Soren ballast.

hollast. [193] hollas

BALTIMORR—Amer lug Adda J. Bonner; 463 tons; Myrick; BLAWARE BREAKWATER F. O. -- Amer by Akbar; 414 tons; Holmes; 9,011 bogs sugar.

PENSACOLA—Ger bk Auguste; 1,310 tons; Schumacher, ballast.

ist. ga, Mexico—Nor bk *Helena; 2*66 tons; Gjeraldsen; do ancisco do Sul - Fr bk *Chili;* 1,278 tons; Michel; do

— Br ser Hamietha III, is reported chartered at New York or bod there, and in Baltimore, for this post and sattes an invitate terms.

—Rio Grande do Sul journals state that Br hk Tulin, from winness for Rossini, was orecled on the 18th May about it segues [34] miles [10] the south of the lar. The crew were aved.

CLEARED AND READY FOR SEA BARBADOS - Br bk E. T. G.; ballast. BATHURST - Russ bk Allar; do, BAHLA-Amer bk Carib; same cargo.

#### FREIGHTS AND CHARTERS

The following charters are reported; Dan by Brighte coffee, Falmonth f. n. 47x of: Amer selv. Mancy Smith sugar to New York, 17x fof and Ib lug Canning, old iron to New York, 1xx fof. Span by Eleva, matte from S. Francisco do Sui to River Plate, 1½ reak.

10	eights-	teamer:				
					300 1	per bag
New	Orleans		 		400	do
Lone	on		 		255	per ton
Live	pool		 		305	do
Anty	erp		 		205	do
Hani	burg				258	do
Havi	C		 		30 fc	s do
Rord	еанх		 		25	
Mars	eilles		 		20	do
Tries	te		 		255	do
					15 fc	s do
Set	V :					
Unit	ed States	, North.	 	205-225	61	
	do	South	 	228 Gil -	255	
Char	melf.o. mf.o.	}	 	278 ful-	328	6d

-	The second second	
PESSELS AFLOAT & L	OADING FO	R R10.
Airlie	Newport	16 Apr
A raty Maid	Rangoon	8 Apr
Allamoilde	Pensacola	
Albania	Bristol	
Alliança	Oporto	
Alexandre Herculano	Oporto	- 20
Alexander Lawrence	Cardiff	27 Apr
Argentina	Cardiff	
Armando	Operto	
Arica	Brunswick	
British America	Greenock	ta Apr
Brambletye	Bristol	
Buteshire	Cardiff	
Benvenne	Cardiff	
Clara	Pensacola	
Canute	Newport	22 Aur
Cito	Grangemouth	2 Apr
Cambrian Duchess	Rangoon	15 Feb
Chalmette	St. Michael's	ea Apr
Christine Edela	Cardiff	2 May
Clan Mackensie	Cardift	
Carby	Cardiff	
Crown Prince	Cardiff	14
Cupid	Pensacola	
Cashier	Newport	3 May
D. Pedro 11	Baltimore	g Aur
E. y Spicer	Cardiff	
Erin's Isle	Cardiff	
Eritres	Marseilles	25 Apr
Equator	Liverpool	23 Apr
Espeland	Cardiff	
Ellen Crusoe	Philadelphia	13 Apr
Ellerslie	Cardiff	31 Mar
Fenja	Cardiff	
Gnadiana	St. Michael's Cardiff	21 Feb
Glengairn	Cardiff	
Gulf Stream	Rangoon	17 Apr
Highlands	Newcastle	.,
Holt Hill	Cardiff	
Hanna Hermod	Dram Finland	15 Apr
Incheape Rock	Glasgow	
Imperator,	Sapelo	
Idia	Oporto	
Inga	Cardiff	to Apr
7. Walter Scammell	New York	
Yoren Alberto,	Oporto Cardiff	**
Yuno Yosephine	New York	
Kambira	Cardiff	
Kedron	Cardiff	16 Apr
Lord Letton	Cardift	15 Mar
Leyland Brothers	Dundee	20 Apr

Margarethe	Cardift	
Marion Lightbody	Newport	
Nehemiah Gibson	Mobile	6 Apr
New Pactolus	Cardifl	17 Apr
Ocean	Fernandina	.,
Parthena	Cardiff	
Philomene.,	Middlesboro'	
Perseverance	Cardiff	
Plymouth	Bristol	
Prince Arthur,	Liverpool	
Cebus	London	4 May
Royal	Chittagong	23 Mar
endemanen	Newport	
ophie Withelmine	Cardiff	29 Apr
J Bogart	New York	29 Apr
animan		
leringa	Cardiff	25 Apr
ouverain	Liverpool	23 Apr
alacia	New York	16 Apr
igurd Jarl	Hamburg	28 Apr
tavanger	Shields	3 May
imandra	Newport	
obique	Cardiff	1 May
homas Perry	Cardiff	r8 Apr
enerata	Newcastle	24 Apr
utor	Hamburg	23 Apr
Vm 11. Starbuck	Cardifl	30 Apr
ara	Antwerp	10 Apr

JERIVALS	116	FOREIGN STEAMERS.

DATE	MAMR	WITERKFROM	CONSIGNED TO
20 21 22 22 22 23 23 24 25 26	Béaun Fr Neva Br Portugal Fr Britanaia Br Dalton Br V de Ceará Fr Zichy Aust Donau Gr Advance Amer Bramptoa Br V. de Pern'o Fr Olinda Gr Cometa Br	River Plate 5d Santos 17h Bordeaux* 15d Liverpool* 21d do* 25d Santos 18h do 23h Bremen* 21d New York* 28d Hamhurg* 31d Hawre* 27d Santos 15h Pelotas* 5½d	Karl Valais & C Royal Mail Mess. Maritimes Wilson Sons & C Norton, M'w & C F Mazon T. Rombauer H. Stoltz & C Wilson Sons & C Walter, H. & C F Mazon C F Mazon & C J. H. Bellamy & C

#### DEPARTURES OF FOREIGNSTEAMERS.

DATE	NAME	WHERE TO	CARGO		
200 211 211 222 223 233 233 233 234 245 255 255 257	Pascal Br Montevideo Gr Newa Br Vandyek Br Portugal Fr Catania Gr Procide Gr V, de Ceará Fr Polluce Aust Britannia Br Chatham Br Chatham Br Chatham Br Chatham Gr Ziely Aust Donau Gr Strabu Br Advance Amer	New York Hamburg* Southlampton* Santos Fiver Plate New York Santos Havre* Trieste* Valparaiso* Sta. Lucia Porto Alegre* New York Santos Mew York Stantos New York Santos New York Santos New York Santos New York Santos	Coffee Sundries do do Same cargo Coffee Sundries do do Rallast Studries Coffee Sundries do Coffee Sundries do Sundries Coffee Sundries Sun		

Calling at intermediate ports

FOREIGN SAILING VESSELS IN THE PORT OF RIO DE TANEIRO, MAY 21th, 1880

RIO I	ET	ANEII	CO, MAY	17th, 1889.
NAME	TONNAGE	ENTERED	WHERE	CONSIGNER
American bk E. W. Stetsen sp John A. Briggs lng Francis sch Nancy Smith bg Ned White sp Cora- bk Cardenas	430	15	New York	Berla & C D. Pedro II R. R Phipps Bros. & C Phipps Bros. & C Phipps Bros. & C Wilson Sons & C
sp Henry Forting	1899	21 23 23	Rosario Cardifi	Souza A, & C Norton, M'w & C
British Ing Canning Ing Alberta bk Wm, Wilcox sp Vanloo sp Vanconver bk (tileg Mount	654 601 888 1496 1376	Mar. 21 Apr. 9	Rosario New York London Cardiff Cardiff	J. de Souza & C John Moore & C Walter, H. & C Mess, Martimes Norton, M'w & C Laye & Irmão B. Rodrigues & C Norton, M'w & C Braz Coal Co. D. Pedro H. R. R Lage & Irmão Braz Coal Co. D. Pedro H. R. R Watson, R. & C Braz Coal Co. B. Rodrigues & C Elour Mills
bk Offive Mount, bk E. T. G. sp Lizzie Burrill bk Lynwood bk Uavour. bk Bellona sn John Bunyan	949 1185 1150 1299 1123	12 15 18 19 22 23	Cardiff Cardiff Newport Cardiff Cardiff Newport	Norton, M'w & C Lage & Irmão B, Rodrigues & C Norton, M'w & C D. Pedro II R R Lage & Irmão Braz Coal Co.
sp Lanarkshire bk Cavalier bk Asiana sp Amoy sp City of Delhi. sp Pr. Amaden	1422 to18, 1193, 994 1199	26 26 26 26 30 May 8	Greenock Cardiff Cardiff P. Adelaide Cardift Cardiff	D. Pedro II R. R. Lage & Iruño Braz Coal Co. D. Pedro II R. R. Watson, R. & C. Braz, Coal Co. B. Rodrigues & C. Flour Mills Wilson Sons & C. Phipps Bros. & C. Phipps Bros. & C. Wilson Sons & C. To order
Daniel				Phipps Bros. & C D. Pedro II R.R Wilson Sons & C To order
bg Thora bg Brigitte		Apr. 18 May 17		L. Azevedo & C L. Azevedo & C
German sp Friedlander sp Jano				M. Nothmann &C Watson, R. & C
sp Jimo	202	May 6 May 8	Liverpool Newcastle. Marseilles Pensacola,	In distress  Avenier, D. & C Monteiro, H. & C
Narreegian bk Vega bk Dictator bk Safir bk Actie		Mar. 2 Apr. 10 15 26,	Satilla, Hamburg Ship Island Newcastle Newcastle Newport	Monteiro, H. & C H. Stoltz & C Berla & C
bk Actie bk Daggry bk Iona bk South'n Queen sp Prinds Leopeld bk Alice bk Segnedalen bk Holtingen		May 5	Cardiff	Wilson Sons & C Wilson Sons & C Ferry Co. Phipps Bros, & C
bk Holtingen bk Gyda bk Mercator sp Ragna lug Mobil bk Roma.	496 485 1111 346 495	11	Newcastle Cardiff Newcastle, Hamburg, Newport, Marseilles Rosatio	B. Rodrigues & C Wilson Sons & C Norton, M'w & C Soc. Ent. & Trav. H. Stoltz & C B. Rodrigues & C Karl Valais & C Souza, A. & C
Portuguese bg Tentativa bk Alice bg Guadiana sp America bk Hortuna bk Maria	253 997 245 930 582	Apr. 7	Desterro, Cadiz I. Terceira, Oporto	A. M. Marinhas Braga Boa & C E. S. Ribeiro
bk Ischel bk Serei	507 506 292 1143 393	May o	Oporto Oporto New York Oporto Oporto	Macedo S. b. & C. Berla & C. Costa Simões & C. To order Veiga Pinto & C.
Russian bk Altai bk Japan. Spanish bg Elena. Swedish sp Sen Weber		Apr. 9	Cardiff Marseilles .	Avenier, D. & C
bg Elena Swedish				Romaguera & C
sp Sen Weber .	1296	Apr. 21	Cardiff	Braz, Coal Co.

Streedish sp Sen Weber . 1296 Apr. 21 Cardiff ... Braz. Coal Co.

# FOREIGN MARKETS

FOREIGN MARKETS

From Metsers. James Cook & Co's. Monthly Despatch, dated Loudon, April 24th.

COFFER.—In the early part of the month the market took a very flat turn, and prices dropped some 3—48 per covt. Demend the market took a very flat turn, and prices dropped some 3—48 per covt. Demend demand earlies the work of fully 22, the good ordinary to the control demand earlies show of fully 22, the good ordinary and medium qualities show of fully 22, the good ordinary and medium qualities show of fully 22, the good ordinary the control of the three control of the whole found both for export and from the boune trade, the whole found both for export and from the boune trade, the whole found both for export and from the boune trade, the whole found both for export and from the boune trade, the whole found both for export and from the boune trade, the whole found month and the state of the second proper in the Brazils chung the past four weeks have continued faitly large, averaging 8,450 bags shily in Rio and 7,500 in Santos. There has been some enquiry for ex-quay coffee, but chiefly for the better descriptions which still remain comparatively scance an fof -9 pais readily obtainable for fair and good descriptions of colouty Rio. Upon cost and freight terms very little whiches has been done; the value of London type vis about 74s, while offers from Rio have been 2—32 above this figure. In Santos some transactions have occurred, common to fair 71—74s, good average about 74s per cwt. It is unsactisheet or you to the form the remarks made on the 15th inst. by the Chancellor of the Exchequer, that not withstanding the increase in population, nothing seems to influence the consumption of coffee in this country, and that the revenue for the financial year was £6,500 smaller than in 188,788.

The stocks both in Europe and America are beginning largely to accumulate, the former increasing during March by 14,500 tons, and the latter by 6,600 roms. The ed. tiweries keep steady, the total for the month being 32,300 tons.

The

Imports, for three month	8;		
	1887	1888	1889
Holland tons	21,188	4,619	13,686
Autwerp	7,198	6,516	9,815
Hamburg	22,100	20,000	32,100
Bremen	2,001	2,403	1,894
Trieste	7,380	5,036	10,350
Copenhagen	710	835	506
France	39,554	24,110	33,496
			331490
Total Continent tons	92,031	63,528	101,847
Great Britain	14,209	15,063	17,617
Total Europe tons	1-16, 240	78,591	119,464
Six ports of U.S,	54,877	49,091	64,555
Total tons	161,117		-
	101,117	127,682	184,019
Stocks, March 31st:			
Holland tons	32,521	27,780	17,502
Antwerp,	11,400	8,400	7,200
Hamburg	17,500	16,400	19,800
Bremen	445	1,280	1,000
Trieste	6,955	4,535	5,250
Copenhagen	1,620	1,753	1,559
France	47,589	31,105	34,041
Total Continent tons	118,030	91,262	86,532
Great Britain ,,	15,595	19,758	16,887
W . I D	-		
Total Europe tons	133,625	111,020	103,419
Six Ports of U.S,	30.125	20,317	23,596
Total tous	164,050		
		131,337	127,015
Deliveries for consumption		months:	
France, consumption tons		16,144	14,662
do export,	16,289	8,270	10,378
Other continental ports. ,	60,946	51,952	61,802
Total Continent tons			
		76,366	89,842
U. K , consumption ,	3,438	3,728	3,259
do half exports ,,	4,097	3,8 32	2,765
Total Europe tons		0 (	
		8 4,926	95,866
United States	45,625	46,907	57,172

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51,000 louis.

The bounty question comes on for final settlement used north; should the treaty be miffed, it can not tail to lead a very important increase in the production of cane sugar, note particularly grocery descriptions, as of prince to a very important of the against the leaf of the set of the set

is we think, by no means of	certam.		,
Imports, for three months			
Holland tons France	25,592 300,051 246,617	1888 1,125 36,651 202,758 263,728	200 20,381 300,721 228,804
Total tons Stocks, March 31st:	572,910	594,262	550,106
Holland. tons France. , do beet. , Great British (raw) , Four ports, U. S. ,	61,757 9,418 205,279 203,500 79,902	30,194 15,699 184,620 226,000 97,263	31,685 8,666 184,103 151,500 21,253
Total tons  Deliveries for consumption	559,350	553,876	396,607
France tons Gt Brit. four ports (raw) ,, United States,	132,700 212,000 264,716	107,639 193,500 213,214	201,885 222,500 240,288
Total tons	609,416	\$14,353 460,370	564,673

# STOCK AND SHARE LIST.

May 25th, 1889.

GOVERNMENT BONDS.					BANKS.									
Present A mount	Interest payable		Denomination	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	Capitai	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Name	Dividend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
381,476,100 119,600 19,838,300 35,872,500 1,105,000	Apr Oct	6	Apolicesdo Gold Loan 1868do 1879 City of Rio de Janeiro	200\$ —1,000\$ 1,000\$ 1,000	975\$000 1,090 000 1,015 000	972\$000— 974\$000 t,090 000—	2,000,000\$ 4,400,000	500,000\$ 1,115,000 13,000,000	30,477\$ 7.068,324	RIO DE JANEIRO Auxiliar Brasilianische Brazil	9\$000-Jan. 89	200\$ 	170\$000 260 000	
		PRO	OVINCIAL FU	NDED D	EBTS.		\$00,000 20,000,000 12,000,000	349,420 12,000,000 11,548,800	1,335 2,337,975	Caixa Credito Commercial Commercial do Rio de Jan- do 2 series	2 000 - Jan. 89 10 000 - Jan. 89 633 - Jan. 89 9 000 - Jan 80	70 200 40 200	38 000 247 000 51 000 238 000	
Present Amount	Interest payable	Rate %	Provinces	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	20,000,000 2,000,000 £1,000,000 6,000,000	1,920,220 2,000,000 (,500,000 6,100,000	127,892 150,000 £140,000	Go Series Commercio do 4 series Credito Real do Brazil Delcredere English, Limited Industrial e Mercantil	4 non-Jan 89 5 n-Jan 89 17 non-Jan 89 6s-Dec 88 6 non-Jan 89		190 000 150 000 255 000 110 000 167 000	-240 000 -239 000
287,900\$ 4,549,200	Jan. — July	6-8 - 6-7	Alagons Amazonas Bahin	=	- 2		\$1,250,000 2,000,000	(625,000 3040-0	350,000 6360,000	do 2 series London & Brazilian, Lanted.	11 000-Jan, 89 2 200-Jan 89 123-Apr. 89	200 100 £10	138 1100	137 000-138 000
206,300	Ξ		Espirito Santo	71.5	81 %		4,000,000 4,000,000 10,000,000	1,000,000 2,000,000 10,000,000	3,229 158,691 2,632,366	Mercantil dos Varegistas Popular Predial Rural e Hypothecario	2 100 Jan. 89 6 000 Jan. 83 10 000 Jan. 89	8a 10a 20a 20a	58 000 112 000 69 000	-1/3 000
1,023,800	JanJuly JanJuly	/ 6	Matto Grosso Minas Geraes	1,000\$	100 1/1		4,000,000	1,194,250	75,155	União de Credito	800 - Apr. 89	So	290 ona 80 oao	203 000—300 000 80 000— 80 500
1,294,200 173,850 730,600 7,881,200	Jan. July	6-8 9 8	Para Parahyba Paraná		101 1/10	=	2,000,000\$ 5,000,000	1,000,000 2,000,000	9,987	Commercial, S. Paulo Credito Real do do 2 series do	3 000-Jan. 89 3 000-Jan. 89	100	75 000 50 000	
8.081,500	Jan.—July Jan.—July	1 6	Permanibuco Pianhy Rio de Janeiro Rio Grande do Norte		98 0/0		t,000,000 1,000,000	837,210 1,000,000	500,000	Mercantil Sante	2 850 - Jan. 89	50 10 90 700	210 000	10 000 11 000
27,800 3,266,822 132,000	JanJuly	6 7	Santa Catharina	1,000\$	98/"		\$00,000 1,000,000	341,275 903,100	2,258 6,470	Popular, S. Paulo Territorial, Minas	1 500 - Jan. 89 6 200 - Jan. 89	15	31 000 212 000	
1,153,000 500,000 731,400	Jan.—July	6-7 6-7	S. Paulo. City of S. Paulo. Sergipe	#no\$	94 0/11					RAILW	AYS.			
		]	НҮРОТНЕСА:	RY NOTI	ES.		Capital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Directend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
Present Amount	Interest payable	Rate	Banks	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations	12,000,000 800,000 10,000,000 2,000,000	1,813,000\$ 800,000 4,000,000 2,000,000	18,206\$ 14,642 17,586	Barão de Asirtuana Campos and Carang da Esaira Sant Sant da	Feb 84	201\$ 200 200	13:\$000	
745,1603 6,193,199	June - Dec Jan, - July	6	Brazil Credito Real do Brazil	100#	98°0	-771/2 10	1,500,000 50,000,000	1,500,000 50,000,000	461,256	Espirito Santo & Caravellas Juiz de Fóra and Pian Leopoldina do x suls do x suls do subsidiaries	5 100 lan 80 3 000 lan 85 135 tot lan, 89	200 200 L F2 108	135 000 125 000 100 000 145 000	140\$000-144\$000
7.150,100 5,296,300 6,530,500	Apr —Oct, May - Nov		do gold	£11 5 8 1 1 5 8	77 <sup>1</sup> 2 82\$500 82 <sup>0</sup> 0 66	82500 85500 651/2 1/0-65 1/0	12,000,000 200,000	12,000,000	120,943	do subsidiaries Macahé and Campos Maricá Oeste de Minas	28 97 Jan. 89 5 000 Jan. 89		29 000 86 500	28 250 - 28 500
				1			830,000	3,199,200 729,800	51,889 62,442	Oeste de Minas do 2 series Rio das Flores 8. Isabel do Rio Preto	7 %- Aug. 88 7 %- Jan. 89 0 000 - May 89	200 200 200	90 000	
			DEBEN	TURES.			10,000,000	1,477,400	4,444	do x subs	7 000-May 84 7 000-Jan. 89	200 200	200 000 200 000 187 000	
Present Amount	Interest payable	$Rate_{\theta_0}$	Companies	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing qualations	10.000,000 38,000,000	1,600,000 12,000,000	1111	do subsidiaries Sapucahy	6 000-Mar. 89	200	25 000 220 000	
			RAILWAYS				2,600,000	1,080,173		do x subs	1 200 - Mar. 89 612 20 - Feb. 34	40 300	48 000 80 000	47 500- 18 000
1,300,000 1,500,000 1,024,600	May-Nov. do Jan July	8 616 616	Bragantina Campos and Carangola Juiz de Fóra and Piau	200\$ 200 200	185\$ 195 500					TRAMW.	AYS.			
15,167,000 £3,449,610 290,000	Apr Oct do Ian Iuly	5-6 7 7	Leopoldina	£50	170 189 510 90 1/1		Capital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dreidend paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
4,400,000 370,000 1,600,000 (137,100	Apr —Oct do Feb Ang Jan.—July	7 7	Rio das Flores	200 100 200	95 % 0 200		5.400,000\$	5,400,000\$	102,602\$	Carris Urbanos	5\$0.00-Apr. 89	260\$	247.500	
6,679,8 0 £181,600 650,00	Mar Sept. Apr Oct Feb Aug	6 6	do gold	650 100 650 200	85 455	85 00-8512 00	13,000,000 300,000 500,000 1,000,000	213,050 500,000 1,200,000	- 10	Jardim Botanico Larangeiras, and tunnel Nitherohy	3 500-Apr. 89 5 500-Apr. 89	200 200 200	248 000	129\$000—130\$000
			TRAMWAYS.		-		1,200,000 4,000,000 2,500,000	600,000 4,040,000 2,500,000		Pernambino Porto Alegre S. Christovão Villa Isabel	4 000 - Jan. 89 4 000 - Mar. 89 15 000 - Jan. 89		245 000	—260 000
439,886 811,300 656,250	Jan July do Feb Aug,	7 6	Carris Urbanosdo	500 100 £20	105 1/				-419.00	SHIPPI		200	230 000	
307,000	Apr – Oct Jan. – July	8	Pernambuco	200 200	91 "/"	**************************************	Cupital	Capital paid up	Reserve fund	Companies	Dividend	Nomina!	Last	Closing quotations
1,377,300 225,600	May-Nov- Jan - July	81/2	Ferry	100 200	200	=	£625,000	£625,000	£60,775	Amazon Steam Navigation	paid 6s 3d—Jan. 89	Liz 105	sale 160\$000	318,5000
500,000 784,000	Feb Ang. AprOct.	,	Braeuhy	100	85 %,		5,000,000 4,000,000 736,000	\$1000,000\$ 4,000,000 \$11,000	864,433\$	Brazileira de Navegação Nacional de Navegação	1 (\$0.00 - Jan. 89 10 000 - Jan. 89 4 000 - July 87 12 000 - Feb. 89	200 200	313 000 257 000 40 000	252 000
1,500,000 200,000	Jan - July Mar. Sept.	61/2	Quissană	200 200	192	NEXT	673,400	073.410		S. Joao da Barra e Campos.] MILL:		200	125 000	
900,001 900,004 900,000,1	Jan July May - Nov. Apr - Oct	1 /	Beribery Bom Fim. Brazil Industrial	200 200 200	- 193 198	191,5000	Capital	Capital	Reserve	Companies	Divulend	Nominal	Last	
763,200 588,000 600,000	do do May – Nov Apr. – Oct	7 7	Confiança Industrial Industrial Mineira.	200 200 200	195		2,40%,000\$	paid up	Jund 121,539\$		paid 19\$075—Jan. 89	200\$	sale -	Closing quotations
300,000 2,000,000 380,000	do	8	Páo Grande Petropolitana, Kink S. João	200 200 200	92.0/n	←202 000	550,000 400,000 3,000,000	400,000 3,000,000	26.177	Bom Fim	5 000 - Jan 89	260	167\$000	
250,000	June—Dec. Mar, Sept.	7	S. Pedro de Alcantara	£20.	195	_	1,000,000 000,000	600,000 600,000	72,904	Configue Industrial	12 000—Jan 89 12 000—Jan 89	200	235 900 240 900	=
200,003	Apr Oct	8	MINES S José d'El Rey   gold    MISCELLANROUS	100	85 "/0	-	400,000 2,000,000 3,000,000	400,000 2,000,000 600,000	25,545	Petropolitana	12 000 - ian 80 8 000 - I eb 89	200 200 40	160 000 200 000	
219,800 £200,000 £00,000	Apr Oct. do	8 7½	Candelaria [church] Cantarerae Esgotos, gold Elevador e Fab. de Chumbo Docas D. Pedro H	£50	210 480 92 <sup>d</sup> u		300,000 350,000	1,000,000 300,000 550,000		S. Christovão	14 000-July 88 9 000-July 89	200 200 200	200 000	
309,600 £150,000 2,500,000	Jan July May - Nov May - Nov	7 6	Melhoramentos U, de Nicth.	£ 10 200	195		700,000	700,000 600,0-0	24.287	S. Lazaro S. Pedro de Alcantara	7 500-Apr 89	200	215 000 220 000	
100,000 Jan July 8 Oleos de Villa Nova							Capital	Reserve	MISCELLAI			[		
			INSURAN	NCE.			Capital	paid up	fund	Companies	paid	Nominal value	Last sale	Closing quotations
Capital	Capitai l pard up	teserve fund	Companies	Dividend paid	Nominal Las value sal		3,000,000 } 785,000 1,500,000 150,000	3,000,000\$ 785,000 300,000 150,000	45,7543	ommercio e Lavoura	83 <sub>0</sub> Ian 8 <sub>1</sub> 10\$000—Ian 8 <sub>2</sub> 3 000—Ian 8 <sub>2</sub>	200 40 200	120\$000 195 000 40 000	
4,000,000\$ 3,000,000	750,000 2	16,173\$		2\$000 - Jan. 89 17 000 - Jan. 89 1 000 - Jan. 89	20\$ 19\$6 250 420 10 10	900	10,000,000 200,000 150,000 316,600	4,000,000 200,000 30,000 316,000	16,135	Elevador e Fabri de Chumbo Fabrica de Biscoutos	3 000 - Jan 88 	40	105 000	=
2,010,000 2,000,010 4,000,010	200,000 200,000 200,000	7,950	Alalait Bonança Confiança	1 000 Jan. 89 2 200 Jan. 89 11 000 Jan. 89	20 20 6 20 34 6 125 105	000 35 000	2,000,000 1,000,000 220,000	1,000,000 1,000,000 220,000	720,000	ad Lv. e Viação de Macahé adustrial de Oleos adustrial Flum, (Kiosones)	4 non-Feli Sg g non-Jim. Sg	200 200 200 50	35 500	=
8,900,000 2,500,000 2,900,000	5 0,000 250,000 200,000	285,000 194,508 86,640	Garantia	9 000 - Jan. 89 4 000 - Jan. 89	100 143 0 20 42 0 20 21 0	000 45 000	2,000,000 4,000,000 100,000	2,100,000 500,000 51,000	-	Avoura, Ind. & Colon Melhoramentos U. de Nicth. Nova Industria.	=	200 200 200	-	
2,000,000 8,000,000 1,000,000	200,000 400,000 100,000	48,000 18,480	Indemizadora Integridade Lealdade	10 000 Jan. 89 1 000 Jan. 89 1 000 Jan. 89	100 152 0 10 9 5 20 28 0	000	7,000 000 1,000,000	7,000,000 300,000	245,040	astori Agric, & Industrial	5 000 -Feb. 50 3 000 -Aug. 88	200 100 60	52 000	
4.000,000 5.000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000	750,000	96,000 9,647	Nova Permanente Previdente Prosperidade União Com. dos Varegistas.	2 000 — Jan. 89 2 000 — Jan. 89 3 000 — Jan. 89	60 44 1 20 17 0 20 24 0	00	630,000 1,000,000 1,726,000	1,000,000 1,000,000	17,491	Phosphato de Cal	6 uno Apr. 8a	200	140 000 205 000 140 000	
2,000,000	200,000	6,932	Vigilancia	1 000-Jan. 89	20   9		2,000,000	1,949,600	0,781 11	Juião Telephonica	5 000 - May 80	-	-	

#### Insurance.

### BRITISH & FOREIGN MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIM'D

Capital .... £1,000,000 sterling

Agents in Rio de Janeiro

Wm. A. Gordon,

31, Rua General Camara.

Telephone No.427

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Fire Risks Authorized 1870

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Wilson Sons & Co. Limited. No. 2 Praça das Marinhas.

UARDIAN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Agents in Rio de Janeiro

Smith & Youle.

No. 62, Rua 1 de Marco.

OME AND COLONIAL MARINE INSURANCE ('9.

Agents for the Empire of Brazil Norton, Megano & Co.

No. 82, Rua 1º de Março, Rio de Janeiro

ONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE Co.

Agents in Rio de Taneiro

Watson Ritchie & Co. No. 25, Rua de Theophilo Ottoni

### N ORTHERN ASSURANCE COMPANY.

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